Mechanical Behavior of Materials | (2nd Edition)

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 10

Calculate the interplanar spacing for the fracture plane $\{0001\}$.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(h^2 + k^2 + hk\right) + \frac{l^2}{c^2}}}$$

Here, the index notation of x direction is h, index notation of y direction is k, index notation of k direction is i, index notation of z direction is l, and lattice parameter is a.

Consider the lattice parameter constants a and c of sapphire at room temperature as $4.7592\ \text{Å}$ and $12.9915\ \text{Å}$.

Substitute 0 for h, 0 for k, 1 for l, $4.7592\ \text{Å}$ for a, $12.9915\ \text{Å}$ for c.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(\frac{4.7592\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2\left((0)^2 + (0)^2 + (0)\right) + \left(\frac{(1)^2}{\left(\frac{12.9915\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2}\right)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5.924 \times 10^{7}}$$

$$= 1.6877 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$$

Comment

Step 2 of 10

Calculate the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{0001\}$.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{E\gamma}{d}}$$

Here, young's modulus is E, fracture surface energy is γ, and interplanar spacing is d.

From the modulus of elasticity of ceramic materials table, select the young's modulus of alumina as $365\ \text{GPa}$.

From the fracture surface energy of sapphire at room temperature table, select the fracture surface energy of fracture plane $\{0001\}$ as $42\ \text{J/m}^2$.

Substitute $365\ \text{GPa}$ for E, $42\ \text{J/m}^2$ for γ, and $1.6877 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$ for d.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(42\ \text{J/m}^2\right)}{1.6877 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(42\ \text{J/m}^2\right)\left(\frac{1\ \text{N/m}^2}{1\ \text{Pa}}\right)\left(\frac{1\ \text{N m}}{1\ \text{J}}\right)}{1.6877 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= 30.13 \times 10^{7}\ \text{GN/m}^2\left(\frac{1\ \text{GPa}}{1\ \text{GN/m}^2}\right)$$

$$= 30.13 \times 10^{7}\ \text{GPa}$$

Hence, the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{0001\}$ is $\boxed{30.13 \times 10^{7}\ \text{GPa}}$

Comment

Step 3 of 10

Calculate the interplanar spacing for the fracture plane $\{1010\}$.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(h^2 + k^2 + hk\right) + \frac{l^2}{c^2}}}$$

Here, the index notation of x direction is h, index notation of y direction is k, index notation of k direction is i, index notation of z direction is l, and lattice parameter is a.

Substitute 1 for h, 0 for k, 0 for l, $4.7592\ \text{Å}$ for a, $12.9915\ \text{Å}$ for c.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(\frac{4.7592\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2\left((1)^2 + (0)^2 + (0)\right) + \left(\frac{(0)^2}{\left(\frac{12.9915\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2}\right)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2.426 \times 10^{7}}$$

$$= 4.121 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$$

Comment

Step 4 of 10

Calculate the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{1010\}$.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{E\gamma}{d}}$$

Here, young's modulus is E, fracture surface energy is γ, and interplanar spacing is d.

From the fracture surface energy of sapphire at room temperature table, select the fracture surface energy of fracture plane $\{1010\}$ as $7.3\ \text{J/m}^2$.

Comment

Step 5 of 10

Substitute $365\ \text{GPa}$ for E, $7.3\ \text{J/m}^2$ for γ, and $4.121 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$ for d.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(7.3\ \text{J/m}^2\right)}{4.121 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(7.3\ \text{J/m}^2\right)\left(\frac{10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2}{1\ \text{GPa}}\right)\left(\frac{1\ \text{N m}}{1\ \text{J}}\right)}{4.121 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= 80.4 \times 10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2\left(\frac{1\ \text{GPa}}{10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2}\right)$$

$$= 80.4\ \text{GPa}$$

Hence, the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{1010\}$ is $\boxed{80.4\ \text{GPa}}$

Comment

Step 6 of 10

Calculate the interplanar spacing for the fracture plane $\{1012\}$.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(h^2 + k^2 + hk\right) + \frac{l^2}{c^2}}}$$

Here, the index notation of x direction is h, index notation of y direction is k, index notation of k direction is i, index notation of z direction is l, and lattice parameter is a.

Substitute 1 for h, 0 for k, 2 for l, $4.7592\ \text{Å}$ for a, $12.9915\ \text{Å}$ for c.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(\frac{4.7592\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2\left((1)^2 + (0)^2 + (0)\right) + \left(\frac{(2)^2}{\left(\frac{12.9915\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2}\right)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2.873 \times 10^{7}}$$

$$= 3.48 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$$

Comment

Step 7 of 10

Calculate the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{1012\}$.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{E\gamma}{d}}$$

Here, young's modulus is E, fracture surface energy is γ, and interplanar spacing is d.

From the fracture surface energy of sapphire at room temperature table, select the fracture surface energy of fracture plane $\{1012\}$ as $6.1\ \text{J/m}^2$.

Substitute $365\ \text{GPa}$ for E, $6.1\ \text{J/m}^2$ for γ, and $3.48 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$ for d.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(6.1\ \text{J/m}^2\right)}{3.48 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(6.1\ \text{J/m}^2\right)\left(\frac{10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2}{1\ \text{GPa}}\right)\left(\frac{1\ \text{N m}}{1\ \text{J}}\right)}{3.48 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= 79.3 \times 10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2\left(\frac{1\ \text{GPa}}{10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2}\right)$$

$$= 79.3\ \text{GPa}$$

Hence, the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{1012\}$ is $\boxed{79.3\ \text{GPa}}$

Comment

Step 8 of 10

Calculate the interplanar spacing for the fracture plane $\{1126\}$.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(h^2 + k^2 + hk\right) + \frac{l^2}{c^2}}}$$

Here, the index notation of x direction is h, index notation of y direction is k, index notation of k direction is i, index notation of z direction is l, and lattice parameter is a.

Substitute 1 for h, 1 for k, 6 for l, $4.7592\ \text{Å}$ for a, $12.9915\ \text{Å}$ for c.

$$d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}\left(\frac{4.7592\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2\left((1)^2 + (1)^2 + (1)(1)\right) + \left(\frac{(6)^2}{\left(\frac{12.9915\ \text{Å}}{\left(\frac{10^{-10}\ \text{m}}{1\ \text{Å}}\right)}\right)^2}\right)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6.244 \times 10^{7}}$$

$$= 1.601 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$$

Comment

Step 9 of 10

Calculate the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{1126\}$.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{E\gamma}{d}}$$

Here, young's modulus is E, fracture surface energy is γ, and interplanar spacing is d.

Comment

Step 10 of 10

From the fracture surface energy of sapphire at room temperature table, select the fracture surface energy of fracture plane $\{1126\}$ as $24.4\ \text{J/m}^2$.

Substitute $365\ \text{GPa}$ for E, $24.4\ \text{J/m}^2$ for γ, and $1.601 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}$ for d.

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(24.4\ \text{J/m}^2\right)}{1.601 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\left(365\ \text{GPa}\right)\left(24.4\ \text{J/m}^2\right)\left(\frac{10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2}{1\ \text{GPa}}\right)\left(\frac{1\ \text{N m}}{1\ \text{J}}\right)}{1.601 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{m}}}$$

$$= 235.8 \times 10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2\left(\frac{1\ \text{GPa}}{10^{9}\ \text{N/m}^2}\right)$$

$$= 235.8\ \text{GPa}$$

Hence, the theoretical cleavage stress (σ_t) for sapphire along its crystallographic orientations of fracture plane $\{1126\}$ is $\boxed{235.8\ \text{GPa}}$

Comment

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Calculate the length of winged crack. Here, the length of crack is , and crack size radius is a. Consider the length...

(L)

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Express the fracture tou

$$K_{Ic} = \sigma\sqrt{\pi a}$$

$$= \sigma\sqrt{\frac{\pi D}{2}}$$

Here, the fracture stress

Calculate the fracture st

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